



GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
COMMISSIONERATE OF COLLEGIATE EDUCATION



SOLID GEOMETRY PLANES

**PLANE PASSING THOUGH
THREEPOINTS**

MATHEMATICS

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THEOREM : The vectors equations of the plane passing through the points A,B,C having position vectors a,b,c is $[r-a,b-a,c-a]=0$

Proof: IF P is a point in the plane passing through the points A,B,C then $\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}$ are coplanar and hence $[\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}]=0$

Conversely suppose that if P is a point such that $[\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}]=0$

then $\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}$ are coplanar and hence P lies in the plane passing through the points A,B,C.

Thus the locus of P is $[\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}] = 0$

$\therefore$ The vector equation of the plane is

$$[\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}] = 0$$

If $\overrightarrow{OP} = r$, then the vector equation of the plane is $[\overrightarrow{AP}, \overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC}] = 0$

$$\Rightarrow [\overrightarrow{OP} - \overrightarrow{OA}, \overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA}, \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OA}] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow [r - a, b - a, c - a] = 0$$

THEOREM: The equation of the plane passing through $(x_1, y_1, z_1), (x_2, y_2, z_2), (x_3, y_3, z_3)$ is

$$\begin{vmatrix} x - x_1 & y - y_1 & z - z_1 \\ x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Proof: Let $a = x_1i + y_1j + z_1k$ $b = x_2i + y_2j + z_2k$

$c = x_3i + y_3j + z_3k$ and $r = xi + yj + zk$

Now $r - a = (x - x_1)i + (y - y_1)j + (z - z_1)k$,

$b - a = (x_2 - x_1)i + (y_2 - y_1)j + (z_2 - z_1)k$,

$$c-a=(x_3-x_1)i+(y_3-y_1)j+(z_3-z_1)k$$

Equation of the plane is $[r-a, b-a, c-a]=0$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} x-x_1 & y-y_1 & z-z_1 \\ x_2-x_1 & y_2-y_1 & z_2-z_1 \\ x_3-x_1 & y_3-y_1 & z_3-z_1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Second proof:

Equation of a plane passing through

$$(x_1, y_1, z_1) \text{ is } a(x-x_1)+b(y-y_1)+c(z-z_1)=0 \rightarrow (1)$$

If plane (1), passing through (x_2, y_2, z_2) , then

$$a(x_2-x_1)+b(y_2-y_1)+c(z_2-z_1)=0 \rightarrow (2)$$

If plane (1), passing through (x_3, y_3, z_3) , then

$$a(x_3-x_1)+b(y_3-y_1)+c(z_3-z_1)=0 \rightarrow (3)$$

Eliminating a,b,c from (1),(2),(3), we get

$$\begin{vmatrix} x - x_1 & y - y_1 & z - z_1 \\ x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \rightarrow (4)$$

Equation (4) is a first degree equation in x, y, z and satisfied by the given points.

Therefore it represents a plane passing through the given points.

EX: Find the equation of the plane passing through the points $(2,2,-1), (3,4,2), (7,0,6)$

Formula: The equation of the plane passing through $(x_1, y_1, z_1), (x_2, y_2, z_2), (x_3, y_3, z_3)$ is

$$\begin{vmatrix} x - x_1 & y - y_1 & z - z_1 \\ x_2 - x_1 & y_2 - y_1 & z_2 - z_1 \\ x_3 - x_1 & y_3 - y_1 & z_3 - z_1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Given points are $(x_1, y_1, z_1) = (2, 2, -1)$

$(x_2, y_2, z_2) = (3, 4, 2)$

$(x_3, y_3, z_3) = (7, 0, 6)$

∴ Equation of the plane passing through given

points is
$$\begin{vmatrix} x-2 & y-2 & z+1 \\ 3-2 & 4-2 & 2+1 \\ 7-2 & 0-2 & 6+1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x-2 & y-2 & z+1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-2)(14+6) - (y-2)(7-15) + (z+1)(-2-10) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-2)(20) - (y-2)(-8) + (z+1)(-12) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20x - 40 + 8y - 16 - 12z - 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20x + 8y - 12z - 68 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-2)(20)-(y-2)(-8)+(z+1)(-12)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20x-40+8y-16-12z-12=0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20x+8y-12z-68=0$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x+2y-3z-17=0$$

$\therefore$ Equation of the required plane is

$$5x+2y-3z-17=0$$

$\therefore$

Second method

EX: Find the equation of the plane passing through the points $(2,2,-1), (3,4,2), (7,0,6)$

Sol:

The equation of the plane through the points $(2,2,-1)$ is $a(x-2)+b(y-2)+c(z+1)=0$

$(3,4,2)$ lies in the plane

$(3,4,2)$ lies in the plane

$$\Rightarrow a(3-2)+b(4-2)+c(2+1)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow a(1)+b(2)+c(3)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow a+2b+3c=0 \rightarrow (1)$$

$(7,0,6)$ lies in the plane

$$\Rightarrow a(7-2)+b(0-2)+c(6+1)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow a(5)+b(-2)+c(7)=0$$

From (1) and (2)

a	b	c
2	3	1
-2	7	5
		-2

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{14+5} = \frac{b}{15-7} = \frac{c}{-2-10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{20} = \frac{b}{8} = \frac{c}{-12} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} = \frac{b}{2} = \frac{c}{-3}$$

∴ The equation to the required plane is

$$\Rightarrow 5(x-2)+2(y-2)-3(z+1)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x+2y-3z-17=0$$